CITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. 11-____

A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE STATEMENT OF REASONS TO PERMIT DEVELOPMENT IN A MINERAL RESOURCE ZONE

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AUBURN DOES HEREBY FIND, RESOLVE

AND ORDER AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The City Council held a properly noticed public hearing at its regular meeting of February 28, 2011, to consider the Baltimore Ravine Specific Plan (BRSP) and Study Area project, which is proposed for the 406-acre Urban Reserve area situated in southwest Auburn. The proposal includes certification of the project Environmental Impact Report (including the Final EIR, Mitigation Monitoring Program, and the Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations), adoption of a Specific Plan (the BRSP), adoption of a General Plan Amendment, approval of a Rezone, approval of a Large Lot Tentative Subdivision Map, approval of a Development Agreement, and adoption of Statement of Reasons for Permitting Development within a Mineral Resource Zone.

<u>SECTION 2</u>. The City of Auburn City Council has considered all of the evidence submitted into the administrative record including:

Agenda reports prepared by the Community Development
 Department for the January 13, 2011 and February 28, 2011 City
 Council meetings, and for the December 15, 2009, July 13, 2010,
 September 21, 2010, November 16, 2010, February 1, 2011, and
 February 15, 2011 Planning Commission meetings.

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- Staff presentations at the public hearings held on January 13, 2011 2. and February 28, 2011. 3. Documents submitted by the applicant including but not limited to the BRSP, Large Lot Tentative Map, and photographs. 4. All public notices in conjunction with the Project. All reports, studies, memoranda, maps, and other planning 5. documents relating to the Project prepared by the City, the City's consultants, or responsible or trustee agencies with respect to the City's compliance with the requirements of CEQA and with respect to the City's action on the Project. 6. Public comments, written and oral, received and/or submitted at or prior to the public hearing, supporting and/or opposing the applicant's request. 7.
 - All related documents received and/or submitted at or prior to the public hearing.
 - Any minutes or transcripts of public meetings held by the City for 8. the Project.
 - 9. All findings and resolutions adopted by the City in connection with the Project.
 - 10. Matters of common knowledge to the City, including, but not limited to federal, state, and local laws and regulations.
 - 11. The City of Auburn General Plan, Zoning Ordinance, and all other applicable regulations and codes.
 - 12. The Environmental Impact Report and all related documents.

SECTION 3. CEQA. Because the Auburn City Council approved Resolution 11-___ certifying the BRSP Environmental Impact Report, which analyzed the approvals contemplated by this resolution, the ultimate approval

roll call:

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Ayes: Noes: Absent:

Joseph G. R. Labrie, City Clerk

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EXHIBIT A

DRAFT STATEMENT OF REASONS TO PERMIT DEVELOPMENT IN A MINERAL RESOURCE ZONE IN THE CITY OF AUBURN URBAN RESERVE AND FINDINGS BASED THEREIN

Submitted by: The City of Auburn

Pursuant to Section 2762 of the California Public Resources Code

Introduction

The City of Auburn is the lead agency for review of the proposed Baltimore Ravine Specific Plan and Study Areas project (Project). The location of the project is shown on Figure 1. Portions of the project site have been classified by the State Geologist as MRZ-2b, "an area underlain by inferred mineral resources where geologic information indicated that significant inferred resources are present". [Source: Open-File Report, page 83-37]. The project site does contain remnants of historic gold mining operations.

The Project proposes land uses that include high density residential, low density residential with high unit value and commercial, which are identified as land uses that are incompatible with mining in Title 14, California Code of Regulations, Section 3675. Therefore, pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 2762(d), the City of Auburn, as lead agency, must prepare and submit this Statement of Reasons prior to permitting the Project.

Although the State Geologist has concluded that significant inferred gold resources are believed to exist in the Ophir district¹, the district has not been designated by the Mining and Geology Board as an Area of Regional or Statewide Significance pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 2790 et seq. Because Public Resources Code Section 2763 is not applicable to the Project, it is not discussed in this document.

The City has concluded that the project site should be developed even though it has been classified as MRZ-2b for the following reasons:

1. Mining is Incompatible with Adjacent Land Uses

As shown on Figure 2 [Figure 5.5-4 of the BRSP DEIR], the MRZ-2b zone extends south of Interstate 80 over a portion of south Auburn, including the majority of the Project site, and is adjacent to unincorporated Placer County. The eastern and southeastern edges of the MRZ-2b zone include areas within Auburn that already have been developed with low-density residential uses. Rural residential development is located in the western portion of the MRZ-2b zone. Land uses immediately east and south of the zone have extensively developed. Because mining activities would already be incompatible with these developed areas due to noise, dust, traffic and other nuisances, the project site should be developed for non-mining uses.

2. The Mineral Resource within the Project Site is not Economically Important

The Project site's economic value as a mineral resource is limited. The existing mining facilities have not been in use since the early to mid 1900s and are in disrepair, nor have there been any

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¹ Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, DMG Open-File Report 95-10, Mineral Land Classification of Placer County, 1995, page 26.

known attempts to revive mining on the Project site since. The Auburn area contains a number of historic mines, as does greater Placer County, reflecting the region's once-active gold mining industry. However, mining no longer makes up a substantial portion of industrial activity in the county. For example, in 2004, Natural Resources and Mining composed approximately 0.1 percent of industrial activity in Placer County. Because the likelihood of use of the property for mining purposes is so low, and because mining activity is not significant in the region, the loss of the resources present on the project site would not have an adverse economic effect on the County, the City or the region.

3. The Project Site is the Only Large Contiguous Area Available to Accommodate Growth in the City

The project site is the only large contiguous area available to accommodate growth in the City; the remainder of the City is largely built out. The project site has been recognized as a potential area for development for several decades. The project site is located in an area of the city designated by both the 1978 and the 1993 General Plans as Urban Reserve. The Urban Reserve designation recognizes that the area will eventually be developed, but requires a Specific Plan prior to development beyond the existing zoning. The development of the Specific Plan would provide up to 725 units, which would serve a substantial portion of the Citywide demand anticipated to occur over the next 20 years. Further, development of the Baltimore Ravine Specific Plan area would assist the City in meeting its affordable housing goals. The Specific Plan was identified in the City's 2008 Housing Element as a means to achieve its housing affordability goals.

4. Commercial Mining at the Project Site is not Economically Feasible

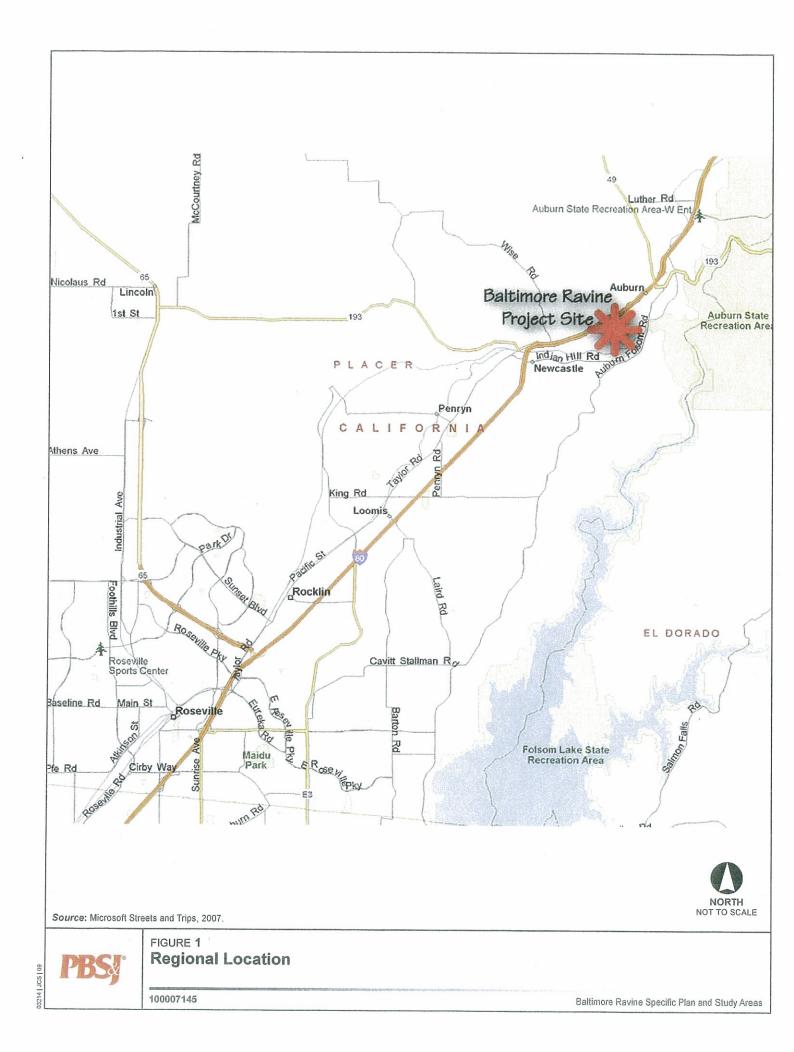
There is no indication that mining would occur on the project site if it were to remain undeveloped. The City has not received an application to conduct any mining activities since the land has been within the City boundaries, even when gold prices rose. The City is unaware of anyone who has expressed interest in mining the site. Given the costs of mining, the surrounding land uses, and the likely value of the remaining gold reserves, it is unlikely that commercial mining activity would occur on the project site.

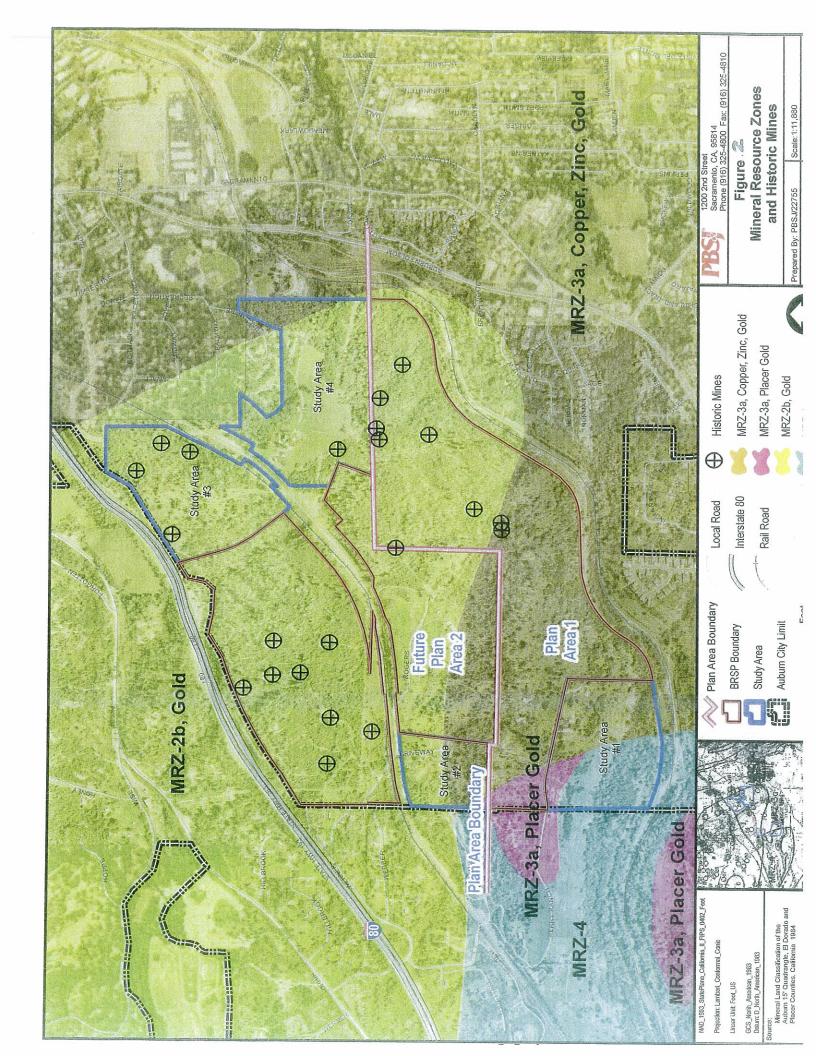
The project applicant considered extracting the remaining gold on the Project site prior to or instead of developing the property with residential and commercial uses. However, according to the applicant's geotechnical engineers, (see Figure 3, October 21, 2009 letter from Engeo, Inc.) it would not be commercially or economically viable to do so, because of the location of the site among residential areas, the need for deep shafts and off-hauling of secondary materials in order to obtain gold ores, and the difficulties of obtaining state and federal permits.

The potential loss of any valuable mineral resources could be partially mitigated given that the Project applicant may extract the trace amounts of gold that are present in the soils that are excavated during grading and excavation needed for project development, if such extraction is economically feasible. The extraction would be a secondary activity.

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² Sacramento Regional Research Institute, *Placer County Industry Structure Study*, March 2006, Figure 1.







Project No. **7982.500.201**

October 21, 2009

Mr. Stephen Des Jardins Diamond Creek Partners, LTD 130 Diamond Creek Place, Suite 1 Roseville, CA 95747

FIGURE 3

Subject:

Baltimore Ravine Project Auburn, California

FEASIBILITY OF COMMERCIAL GOLD MINING

Dear Mr. Des Jardins:

At your request, we reviewed the Mineral Land Classification of Placer County, DMG Open-File Report 95-10, prepared by the Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, dated 1995, pertaining to the Baltimore Ravine site in Auburn, California. As you know, we performed preliminary geotechnical exploration at the site last year and provided feasibility recommendations regarding use of the site for development.

According to the Mineral Land Classification report, the site was classified in 1995 as Mineral Resource Zone MRZ-2b and MRZ-3a, indicating areas underlain by mineral deposits where geologic information indicates that significant inferred resources are present and areas containing known mineral occurrences of undetermined mineral resource significance, respectively.

With regards to the feasibility of commercial gold mining at the site, the referenced Mineral Land Classification report indicates these geologic formations have potential for gold deposits. However, the location of the site among residential areas would greatly restrict the commercial feasibility of such a venture. We anticipate that any practical gold mining at the site would require deep shafts and generate substantial off-haul of secondary materials. The economics of designing, permitting and constructing an industrial facility for such purpose would be very difficult under the current Federal and State regulations. In addition, recent State regulations capping greenhouse gas emissions would further hinder feasible economic mining at the site. As such, it is our opinion that commercial gold mining at the site would not be an economical venture.

We would be glad to discuss the site conditions at any time. Feel free to contact us if you have any questions or need any further information.

Sincerely,

ENGEO Incorporated

Michael Turner, CEG Project Geologist

Mark M. Gilbert, GE

Principal